

## Common Markers of Bone and Soft Tissue Tumors

Bone Tumor	Immunohistochemical Markers	Molecular Markers
<b>Osteosarcoma</b>	SATB2, MDM2 (in low-grade)	RB1, TP53, CDK4, MDM2 (low-grade)
<b>Ewing Sarcoma</b>	CD99 (strong, diffuse), FLI1	EWSR1-FLI1 (85%), EWSR1-ERG (10%)
<b>Chondrosarcoma</b>	S100	IDH1/IDH2 mutations (central chondrosarcoma), EXT1/EXT2 mutations (peripheral chondrosarcoma)
<b>Giant Cell Tumor of Bone (GCTB)</b>	H3.3G34W (specific)	H3F3A G34W mutation (majority of cases)
<b>Chordoma</b>	Brachyury (specific), S100, keratin	Loss of CDKN2A, T (Brachyury) amplification
<b>Osteoid Osteoma</b>	SATB2	No recurrent molecular alterations
<b>Osteoblastoma</b>	SATB2	FOS gene rearrangements (specific)
<b>Chondroblastoma</b>	H3. 3 K36M	H3F3B K36M mutation (specific)
<b>Fibrous Dysplasia</b>	SMA, SATB2	GNAS1 mutations (GNAS R201H or R201C)
<b>Adamantinoma</b>	Cytokeratins , EMA	Associated with recurrent chromosomal changes, including gains of chromosome 7, 8, 12, and 19
<b>Plasmacytoma/Multiple Myeloma</b>	CD138, MUM1, kappa/lambda light chain restriction	IGH rearrangements, MYC alterations, RAS mutations
<b>Langerhans Cell Histiocytosis (LCH)</b>	CD1a, Langerin (CD207), S100	BRAF V600E mutation (50-60% cases), MAP2K1 mutations
<b>Metastatic Carcinoma to Bone</b>	CK7, CK20, TTF1 (lung), PSA (prostate), GATA3 (breast, urothelial), etc.	Depends on primary tumor site (e.g., TP53, EGFR, ALK in lung cancer)

Soft Tissue Tumor	Immunohistochemical Markers	Molecular Markers
<b>Liposarcoma (Well-Differentiated/Dedifferentiated)</b>	MDM2, CDK4, S100	MDM2/CDK4 amplification (12q13-15)
<b>Myxoid/Round Cell Liposarcoma</b>	S100 (variable), DDIT3	FUS-DDIT3 (95%), EWSR1-DDIT3 (rare)
<b>Pleomorphic Liposarcoma</b>	S100, MDM2 (negative)	Complex karyotype, no specific translocations
<b>Leiomyosarcoma</b>	SMA, Desmin	TP53, RB1, ATRX mutations

<b>Undifferentiated Pleomorphic Sarcoma (UPS)</b>	No specific marker. Diagnosis of exclusion.	Complex karyotype, no specific translocation
<b>Rhabdomyosarcoma (Alveolar)</b>	MyoD1, Myogenin, Desmin	PAX3-FOXO1 (70%), PAX7-FOXO1 (20%)
<b>Rhabdomyosarcoma (Embryonal)</b>	MyoD1, Myogenin, Desmin	Loss of heterozygosity at 11p15, mutations in TP53, NRAS, FGFR4
<b>Synovial Sarcoma</b>	TLE1, EMA	SS18-SSX1 (most common), SS18-SSX2
<b>Epithelioid Sarcoma</b>	EMA, CK, CD34	SMARCB1 (INI1) loss
<b>Clear Cell Sarcoma</b>	S100, HMB45, MelanA, SOX10 (like melanoma)	EWSR1-ATF1 fusion
<b>Alveolar Soft Part Sarcoma</b>	TFE3, PAS-positive crystals	ASPPCR1-TFE3 fusion
<b>Dermatofibrosarcoma Protuberans (DFSP)</b>	CD34 (strong, diffuse)	COL1A1-PDGFB fusion
<b>Malignant Peripheral Nerve Sheath Tumor (MPNST)</b>	S100 (focal or absent), SOX10 (variable), H3K27me3 loss (high-grade)	NF1 mutations, SUZ12/EED loss
<b>Solitary Fibrous Tumor</b>	STAT6 (specific), CD34	NAB2-STAT6 fusion
<b>Myxofibrosarcoma</b>	CD34 (variable)	Complex karyotype, no specific translocation CTNNB1 mutations
<b>Desmoid-Type Fibromatosis</b>	β-catenin (nuclear), SMA (variable)	(common), APC mutations (rare, Gardner syndrome) MYC amplification (post-radiation cases), PTPRB, KDR mutations
<b>Angiosarcoma</b>	CD31, ERG, FLI1	
<b>Ewing-Like Sarcoma (BCOR-CCNB3, BCOR-CCNB3: SATB2; CIC-rearranged)</b>	BCOR-CCNB3: BCOR, SATB2; CIC-rearranged: WT1, ETV4	BCOR-CCNB3 fusion, CIC-DUX4 fusion